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# **Product Carbon Footprint (PCF) Analysis Report**

**Product: yxmkyeogxf**

**Company Name:** sszlrkdzoo

**Senior Sustainability Consultant:**  
ostngoqkki

**Accounting Standard:** GHG Protocol

Disclaimer: This report is generated based on available data and industry standards. Assumptions have been made where specific data was not provided for illustrative calculation purposes.

# Product Carbon Footprint Analysis Report

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## Executive Summary

This report presents a high-detail Product Carbon Footprint (PCF) analysis for the product yxmkyeogxf, manufactured by sszlrkdzoo. The analysis was conducted by ostngoqkki, a Senior Sustainability Consultant specializing in the GHG Protocol. This PCF quantifies the total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions across the product's lifecycle, from raw material acquisition through manufacturing, transport, use, and end-of-life. The methodology strictly adheres to the GHG Protocol Product Standard, including the 2026 Land Sector and Removals (LSR) Standard update, ensuring comprehensive Scope 3 reporting with an aim for at least 95% coverage. The total carbon footprint for one functional unit of yxmkyeogxf is calculated to be approximately 12.48 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e.

## 1. Introduction and Scope Definition

A Product Carbon Footprint (PCF) quantifies all greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions generated throughout a product's life cycle. This analysis provides sszlrkdzoo with critical insights into the environmental impact of its product yxmkyeogxf, aligning with growing regulatory pressures and stakeholder expectations for transparent climate reporting.

## 1.1. Functional Unit

The functional unit for this analysis is defined as: **1.0 unit of yxmkyeogxf**.

## 1.2. System Boundary

The system boundary for this PCF analysis is "**cradle-to-gate**" **with an expanded "use phase" and "end-of-life" assessment, effectively covering a "cradle-to-grave" perspective**. The primary focus is at the **factory\_gate** for production, extending to cover downstream impacts.

## 1.3. Geographic Scope

- **Final Production Country:** China
- **Supply Chain Focus:** Europe Focused

## 1.4. Accounting Standard

This PCF analysis is conducted in strict accordance with the **GHG Protocol Product Standard**. Emissions are categorized into Scope 1 (direct emissions from owned or controlled sources), Scope 2 (indirect emissions from purchased electricity, heat, or steam), and Scope 3 (all other indirect emissions in the value chain, both upstream and downstream).

Special attention has been paid to the **2026 Land Sector and Removals (LSR) Standard update**, which provides requirements and guidance for corporate GHG accounting covering emissions and carbon removals from agricultural and land use activities. While direct land-use change for this specific product's components is not explicitly detailed, the implications for bio-based materials (e.g., packaging cardboard) and associated removals are considered within the framework of the LSR Standard. The analysis aims for at least **95% coverage for Scope 3 reporting**, as required by 2026 standards, by systematically including material acquisition, transportation, manufacturing, use, and end-of-life scenarios.

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## 2. Lifecycle Mapping and Data Collection (LCI)

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This section details the various lifecycle stages of yxmkyeogxf and the data collected for each, encompassing materials, energy, and transportation.

### 2.1. Detailed Bill of Materials (BOM) - Materials Acquisition & Pre-processing (Scope 3, Category 1)

The following Bill of Materials (BOM) provides a high-accuracy basis for material impact calculations. Each item's total carbon impact, as provided in the BOM (dzhgnxn), is used directly for this phase.

ID	Description	Category	Process	Qty	Unit	Emission Factor (kg CO2e/unit_qty)	Total Carbon (kg CO2e)
1	Aluminum Casing	Metal	Primary Production	0.2	kg	15.0	3.0
2	Plastic Enclosure	Plastic	Injection Molding	0.5	kg	2.5	1.25
3	Circuit Board	Electronics	Manufacturing	0.05	kg	20.0	1.0
4	Copper Wire	Metal	Drawing	0.1	kg	8.0	0.8
5	Packaging Cardboard	Paper	Pulp & Paper Mill	0.15	kg	1.0	0.15
6	Adhesive	Chemical	Chemical Synthesis	0.01	kg	5.0	0.05

**Total Material Emissions (Scope 3): 6.25 kg CO2e**

## 2.2. Production Phase - Manufacturing (Scope 2 & Partial Scope 3)

- **Energy Intensity (kWh/unit):** gpvxfpdmv (10 kWh/unit)
- **Renewable Energy Usage:** rdzogdmjgm (30%)
- **Geographic Scope for Production:** China
- **Assumption:** Direct Scope 1 emissions (e.g., on-site fuel combustion not for electricity generation) are considered negligible for this product's manufacturing process at the factory gate, or embedded within the upstream emissions of materials. The primary manufacturing impact is from purchased electricity.

## 2.3. Transport and Distribution (Scope 3, Categories 4 & 9)

- **Transport Mode:** Select Mode (Ocean Freight for primary transport, Road Freight for regional, Parcel Van for last-mile)
- **Transport Distance:** zzggkywosr (15,000 km for Ocean, 500 km for Road, 50 km for Last-Mile)
- **Last-Mile Delivery Channel:** Delivery Type (Parcel Van Delivery)
- **Product Weight for Transport:** 1.01 kg (calculated from BOM quantities)

## 2.4. Use Phase (Scope 3, Category 11)

- **Product Lifespan:** jisyjqgzso (5 years)
- **Energy Consumption in Use:** weinqzpwvq (2 kWh/year)
- **Geographic Scope for Use:** Europe Focused (for electricity grid emission factors)

## 2.5. End-of-Life (EoL) Treatment (Scope 3, Category 12)

- **Recyclability Percentage:** zeqshizkxg (70%)
- **Circular/Take-back Programs:** hegdzjdosp (Yes, Product take-back and refurbishment program in place)
- **Product Weight for EoL:** 1.01 kg

## 3. Emission Calculation (Activity \* Emission Factor = CO2e)

Emissions are calculated for each stage using collected data and industry-standard emission factors, primarily sourced from databases like Ecoinvent and DEFRA, or recognized regional reports.

### 3.1. Emission Factors Used

Activity	Emission Factor (EF)	Source / Assumption
Electricity Grid (China)	0.556 kg CO2e/kWh	Climate Transparency Report (2020), IPCC-based estimates
Electricity Grid (Europe Average)	0.181 kg CO2e/kWh	PwC European Carbon Factor (2024)
Ocean Freight (Container Ship)	0.016 kg CO2e/tonne-km	DEFRA 2025, ClimaTiQ
Road Freight (Heavy Duty Truck, Europe)	0.1 kg CO2e/tonne-km	General industry average
Last-Mile Delivery (Parcel Van)	0.5 kg CO2e/unit	Assumed average per-unit allocation for parcel delivery; based on typical parcel emissions

Activity	Emission Factor (EF)	Source / Assumption
Waste to Landfill (Mixed Waste)	0.3 kg CO2e/kg	Afvalzorg, IPCC Guidelines
Recycling Credit (Generic)	-0.5 kg CO2e/kg	Illustrative assumption for avoided virgin material production.
Renewable Electricity (Direct Purchase)	0 kg CO2e/kWh	Assumed contractual zero-emission renewable energy.

## 3.2. Detailed Emissions by Lifecycle Stage

### 3.2.1. Materials Acquisition & Pre-processing (Scope 3 - Category 1: Purchased Goods & Services)

Emissions from the extraction and processing of raw materials, based on the provided BOM:

Total Material Emissions = Sum of "Total Carbon" from BOM = 6.25 kg CO2e

### 3.2.2. Production Phase (Factory Gate)

- **Scope 1: Direct Emissions**

Assumed to be negligible or covered within the upstream emissions of materials for this specific product, given the primary energy input for production is electricity.

- **Scope 2: Energy Indirect Emissions (Purchased Electricity)**

Non-renewable electricity:  $10 \text{ kWh/unit} * (1 - 0.30) * 0.556 \text{ kg CO2e/kWh} = 3.892 \text{ kg CO2e}$

Renewable electricity:  $10 \text{ kWh/unit} * 0.30 * 0 \text{ kg CO2e/kWh} = 0 \text{ kg CO2e}$

**Total Production Energy Emissions (Scope 2): 3.892 kg CO2e**

### 3.2.3. Transport and Distribution (Scope 3 - Category 4: Upstream T&D & Category 9: Downstream T&D)

Product weight: 1.01 kg

- **Primary Transport (Ocean Freight):**  
 $(1.01 \text{ kg} / 1000 \text{ kg/tonne}) * 15,000 \text{ km} * 0.016 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e/tonne-km} = 0.2424 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}$
  - **Regional Transport (Road Freight):**  
 $(1.01 \text{ kg} / 1000 \text{ kg/tonne}) * 500 \text{ km} * 0.1 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e/tonne-km} = 0.0505 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}$
  - **Last-Mile Delivery (Parcel Van):**  
0.5 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e (assumed per functional unit for shared parcel delivery service)
- Total Transport Emissions (Scope 3):**  $0.2424 + 0.0505 + 0.5 = 0.7929 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}$

### 3.2.4. Use Phase (Scope 3 - Category 11: Use of Sold Products)

- Total energy consumption over lifespan:  $2 \text{ kWh/year} * 5 \text{ years} = 10 \text{ kWh}$
  - Emissions from energy use:  $10 \text{ kWh} * 0.181 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e/kWh} = 1.81 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}$
- Total Use Phase Emissions (Scope 3):** 1.81 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e

### 3.2.5. End-of-Life (EoL) Treatment (Scope 3 - Category 12: End-of-Life Treatment of Sold Products)

Product weight: 1.01 kg

- Portion landfilled:  $1.01 \text{ kg} * (1 - 0.70) = 0.303 \text{ kg}$
- Landfill emissions:  $0.303 \text{ kg} * 0.3 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e/kg} = 0.0909 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}$
- Portion recycled:  $1.01 \text{ kg} * 0.70 = 0.707 \text{ kg}$

- Recycling credit:  $0.707 \text{ kg} * -0.5 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e/kg} = -0.3535 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}$
- **Total EoL Emissions (Scope 3):**  $0.0909 - 0.3535 = -0.2626 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e}$  (Net removal/avoided emissions)
- **Circular/Take-back Programs:** The presence of a "Product take-back and refurbishment program" (hegdzjdosp) further enhances circularity, potentially reducing the overall EoL impact beyond just recycling, though specific quantification of refurbishment benefits is outside the scope of this baseline PCF.

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## 4. Review & Report - Overall Product Carbon Footprint

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### 4.1. Summary of Emissions by Scope and Lifecycle Stage

Lifecycle Stage	GHG Scope	Emissions (kg CO <sub>2</sub> e)
Materials Acquisition & Pre-processing	Scope 3 (Category 1)	6.2500
Production (Factory Gate)	Scope 2	3.8920
Upstream Transport & Distribution	Scope 3 (Category 4)	0.2929
Downstream Transport & Distribution (Last-Mile)	Scope 3 (Category 9)	0.5000
Use Phase	Scope 3 (Category 11)	1.8100
End-of-Life Treatment	Scope 3 (Category 12)	-0.2626
<b>Total PCF</b>		<b>12.4823</b>

## 4.2. GHG Protocol Scope Summary

GHG Scope	Emissions (kg CO2e)	Percentage of Total PCF
Scope 1 (Direct Emissions)	0.0000	0.00%
Scope 2 (Purchased Energy)	3.8920	31.18%
Scope 3 (Value Chain Emissions)	8.5903	68.82%
<b>Total PCF</b>	<b>12.4823</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## 4.3. Hotspots and Reliability

The primary hotspots for the yxmkyeogxf product are identified as:

- **Materials Acquisition & Pre-processing (Scope 3):** Constituting the largest portion of the footprint at 6.25 kg CO2e, driven by components like Aluminum Casing and Circuit Board. This highlights the importance of sustainable sourcing and material selection.
- **Production (Scope 2):** The energy consumed during manufacturing in China contributes significantly (3.892 kg CO2e), emphasizing the need for increased renewable energy adoption at production facilities.
- **Use Phase (Scope 3):** Product energy consumption over its lifespan adds 1.81 kg CO2e, pointing to opportunities for energy efficiency improvements in product design.
- **Last-Mile Delivery (Scope 3):** Although an allocated estimate, this stage shows a substantial impact (0.5 kg CO2e), suggesting optimization of logistics and greener delivery options.

The reliability of this report is high for the stages where primary data (BOM, energy intensity) was provided. For other stages, industry-average emission factors were used, aligning with best practices when specific supplier or activity data is unavailable. The assumed allocation for last-mile delivery and generic recycling credit represent areas for further refinement with more granular data.

#### **4.4. 2026 LSR Standard and Scope 3 Compliance**

This analysis actively applies the principles of the GHG Protocol's 2026 Land Sector and Removals (LSR) Standard. While the primary components are not directly land-intensive agricultural products, the standard's consideration for biogenic carbon (e.g., in packaging cardboard) and associated land management is acknowledged. The comprehensive inclusion of upstream materials, transport, use, and end-of-life stages demonstrates a robust effort to achieve at least 95% coverage for Scope 3 emissions, a critical requirement for 2026 reporting.

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### **5. Recommendations for Emission Reduction**

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- **Material Optimization:** Investigate alternative materials with lower embodied carbon for components like aluminum and circuit boards. Engage with suppliers to gain more transparent, product-specific emission data.
- **Renewable Energy Procurement:** Increase the percentage of renewable energy usage at the Chinese production facility beyond rdzogdmjgm (30%) to significantly reduce Scope 2 emissions.
- **Logistics Efficiency:** Optimize transportation routes and modes, particularly for last-mile delivery. Explore partnerships with low-carbon logistics providers and

consider more efficient packaging to reduce transport impact.

- **Product Energy Efficiency:** Enhance the energy efficiency of yxmkyeogxf during its use phase to minimize operational emissions over its lifespan jisyjqgzso.
- **Circular Economy Initiatives:** Expand and promote the "Product take-back and refurbishment program" (hegdzjdosp) and explore higher value recycling or reuse pathways to maximize end-of-life benefits.