

html

carboncalcpcf.com

# Product Carbon Footprint Dashboard

**Product:** jiyknnuqlp

**Standard:** GHG Protocol | **Boundary:** Cradle-to-Grave

**Total PCF: 12.99 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e / unit**

## Total Carbon Footprint

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**12.99 kg CO2e**

For 1.0 unit of jiyknnuqlp

## Carbon Intensity

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**12.99 kg CO2e / unit**

Per functional unit produced

## Top Material Hotspot

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**Aluminum Casing**

3.50 kg CO2e

## Primary Emission Scope

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# Scope 3

Upstream & Downstream Value Chain

## Lifecycle Stage Breakdown

Distribution of CO<sub>2</sub>e emissions across product lifecycle stages. (Note: EoL is a credit)

Use Phase	<b>9.05 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e (51.04%)</b>
Material Acquisition	<b>7.58 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e (42.75%)</b>
Manufacturing (Electricity)	<b>0.84 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e (4.74%)</b>
Transportation (Factory to DC)	<b>0.14 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e (0.78%)</b>
Last-Mile Delivery	<b>0.13 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e (0.70%)</b>
End-of-Life (Net Credit)	<b>-4.74 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e</b>

Credit

## Material Carbon Impact

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Contribution of materials to total upstream emissions.

Aluminum Casing	<b>3.50 kg CO2e (46.17%)</b>
Circuit Board (PCB)	<b>1.50 kg CO2e (19.79%)</b>
Lithium-ion Battery	<b>1.25 kg CO2e (16.49%)</b>
Plastic Housing	<b>0.75 kg CO2e (9.90%)</b>
Copper Wire	<b>0.08 kg CO2e (1.05%)</b>

## Key Emission Highlights

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**Use Phase Dominance:** The product's operational use phase accounts for the largest share of emissions (9.05 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e), emphasizing the need for energy-efficient design.

**Material Footprint:** Material acquisition, particularly the Aluminum Casing and electronic components, contributes significantly (7.58 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e) to the upstream impact.

**Circularity Benefits:** Robust end-of-life recycling and take-back programs provide substantial avoided emissions, creating a net credit of -4.74 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e.

## Recommended Action Plan

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1. **Optimize Use Phase Efficiency:** Implement design changes for lower energy consumption and encourage end-users to utilize renewable energy sources.
2. **Sustainable Material Sourcing:** Prioritize lower-carbon materials like recycled content or alternatives, and seek primary emission data from suppliers.
3. **Enhance Circularity:** Strengthen take-back schemes and invest in advanced recycling technologies to maximize material recovery and carbon removal credits.
4. **Supply Chain Engagement:** Collaborate with logistics partners to improve transportation efficiency and explore lower-emission freight options.
5. **Data Granularity:** Continuously improve data collection for Scope 3 emissions, moving towards supplier-specific data for increased accuracy.