

carboncalcpcf.com

# Product Carbon Footprint Dashboard

for siezxhtopw

**41.62** kgCO<sub>2</sub>e

Total Product Carbon Footprint

Functional Unit: 1.0 unit | System Boundary: Cradle-to-Gate-to-Grave

Production Country: China | Standard: GHG Protocol

Total Footprint

**41.62 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e**

Carbon Intensity

**41.62 kgCO<sub>2</sub>e/unit**

Top Hotspot

**Use Phase (60%)**

Primary Emission Scope

**Scope 3**

## Carbon Footprint by Lifecycle Stage

Use Phase	25.00 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e (60.07%)
Raw Materials	8.89 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e (21.36%)
Manufacturing	6.00 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e (14.42%)
Transport & Distribution	0.95 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e (2.28%)
End-of-Life	0.78 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e (1.87%)

## Material Carbon Impact

Steel Casing	3.3 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e
Printed Circuit Board	3.0 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e
Plastic Comp.	2.24 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e
Copper Wiring	0.35 kgCO <sub>2</sub> e

## Highlights: Emission Hotspots

- **Use Phase:** This stage is the most significant contributor (approx. 60%) to the product's overall carbon footprint, mainly due to energy consumption over its 5-year lifespan.
- **Raw Materials:** Production of materials, especially Printed Circuit Board and Steel Casing, contributes substantially (about 21%) to the total PCF.
- **Manufacturing:** Energy consumed during production, even with 60% renewable usage, accounts for a notable 14% of the total footprint.

## Recommendations for Emission Reduction

- 1. Optimize Use Phase Efficiency:** Prioritize reducing the product's energy consumption during its operational life by exploring energy-efficient components and smart features.
- 2. Source Low-Carbon Materials:** Investigate procuring materials with lower embedded carbon, such as steel with higher recycled content or bio-based plastics.
- 3. Enhance Renewable Energy in Manufacturing:** Strive to increase renewable electricity usage at the production facility beyond the current 60% towards 100%.
- 4. Strengthen Circular Economy Initiatives:** Leverage existing take-back programs to maximize recycling and refurbishment rates, and design for disassembly.
- 5. Optimize Logistics:** Continuously evaluate transportation modes and routes, exploring rail or sea freight and alternative fuel vehicles for delivery.